INFO 7470/ILRLE 7400 Access to restricted data

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Outline

- Why use restricted-access data?
- Two examples of access
- Elements of the RDC proposal process
- Elements of proposal process for other RDCaccessible data
- What to expect once approved
- What is expected of you

Credits

- Rosemary Hyson
- Lynn Riggs

Why use restricted-access data

- Public-use statistics (tabulations, microdata)
 - Not detailed enough
 - Aggregated when microdata required
 - Categories coarsened
 - Leave out critical elements
 - Detailed geography
 - Family structure
 - Longitudinal structure

Reasons for restricting access

- Confidentiality protection
 - Because of laws
 - Because of contracts
 - Because of IRB
- Measures undertaken to protect confidentiality
 - Coarsening/collapsing of categories
 - Aggregation to higher levels
 - Swapping
 - Removal of longitudinal linkages
 - More sophisticated mechanisms later in this class

Examples

- Coarsening/collapsing of categories
 - Geography on NLSY or HRS
- Aggregation to higher levels
 - County business patterns
- Swapping
 - Decennial Census, ACS
- Removal of longitudinal linkages
 - Canadian Survey of Labor and Income Dynamics (SLID)
 - Decennial Censuses
- Topcoding
 - Current Population Survey

Solutions to restricted access

- Contracts
 - Regarding use of the data
 - Regarding local storage of the data
- Restricted access environments
 - Researcher has physical access
 - Researcher has remote access
 - Researcher has remote access by proxy

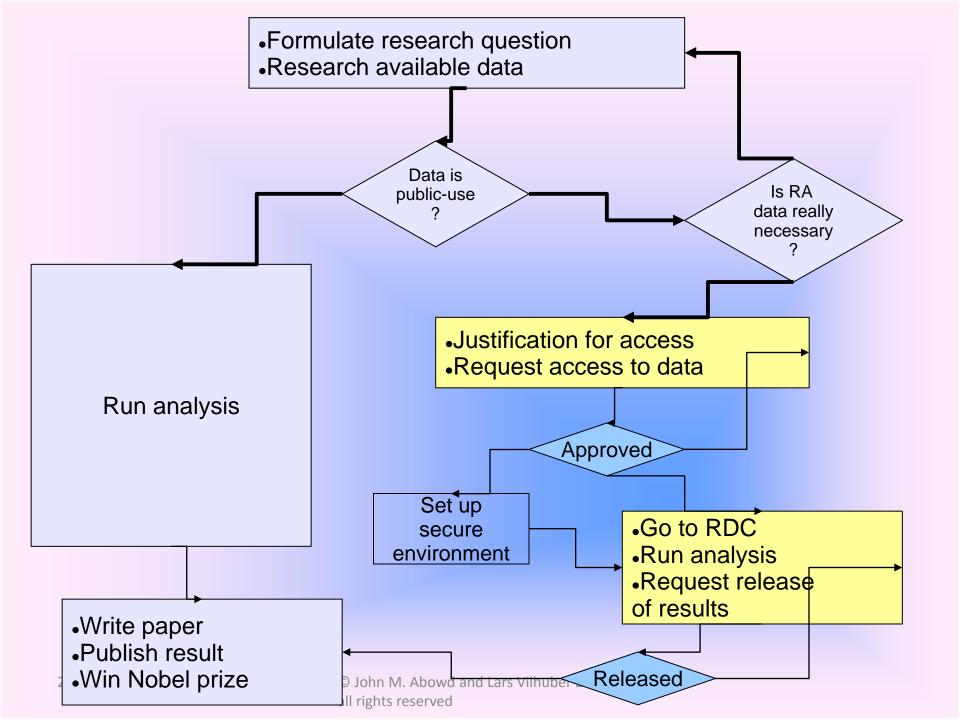
Solutions to restricted access

- Contracts
 - Regarding use of the data
 - NLSY releases more detailed geodata with contractual engagement
 - Regarding local storage of the data
 - HRS releases more detailed geodata, or linked data, with requirement to set up secure local environment

Solutions to restricted access

- Restricted access environments
 - Researcher has physical access
 - RDC at Census, BLS, NCHS
 - Researcher has remote access
 - CRADC (one of the first)
 - NORC data enclave
 - German IAB
 - Researcher has remote access by proxy
 - Remote processing facility at Statistics Canada, at NCHS
 - Staff assisted (NCHS)

Workflow



Obtaining access to restricted data

- Identify and learn about the data
 - Often public-use documentation
- Familiarize yourself with the data custodian's requirements
 - Physical access rules
 - Legitimate use rules
- Contact the data custodian

Obtaining access to RDC data

- Identify and learn about the RDC data
 - Often public-use documentation (but not for Census)
- Familiarize yourself with the RDC program requirements
 - What does use of the RDC imply
 - How to justify access to the data
- Contact the RDC administrator
- Create an account on the CES web site

Steps for RDC proposal

- Initial proposal development
- Submission of formal RDC proposal
- Proposal review
- Approval (or not)
- Post approval process
- Post project activities

Initial proposal development

1. Identify and learn about RDC data

- CES Website
 - Data descriptions
- General Census website
 - Survey or program pages
- General research
 - Papers and articles that use RDC data (see CES Website for discussion papers, annual report)

- Personal contacts
 - RDC, CES,Censusprogram staff
 - RDC and other researchers
- VirtualRDC

Things to keep in mind

- External data can be used with RDC data
 - (you may still need approval from other data custodians, though)
 - Timing, unit, link records need to be compatible
- Data not currently listed on CES website may also be available (-> personal contacts)
 - Space may be a restriction

Initial proposal development

- 2. Familiarize yourself with RDC requirements
- Predominant purpose must be to increase the utility of Title 13, Chapter 5 programs
 - ... always!
- Scientific merit
 - Funding award from a competitive peer review process is sufficient
- Clear need for non-public

- Feasibility
 - Given
 methodology,
 requested data,
 and environment
- No risk of disclosure (ex ante)
 - Still ex-post evaluation in release process

Things to keep in mind

- RDC environment is different
 - Linux OS (see SSG with KDE environment to get a feel)
 - Restricted set of software
 - No free upload of programs or software to the system
 - Software very difficult
 - Programs through web-based staging process with review
 - All output, including screen output
 - Can only be viewed within the RDC
 - Can only be viewed by authorized persons (this includes your thesis advisor!) - in a narrow sense (listed and authorized on your project, and only that project)

Initial proposal development

- 3. Contact your RDC administrator
- The RDC administrator will accompany you the rest of the way
- The RDC administrator will also be responsible for
 - Reviewing output (round-robin assignment)
 - Reviewing input (program uploads, etc.)
- Bring them cookies...

Initial proposal development

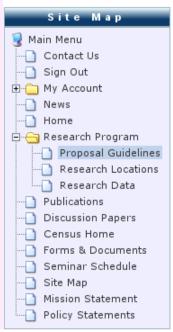
- 4. Account in the CES project system
- Now called "RDCProject"
- At a minimum, upload CV
- Handles
 - Proposal review
 - Disclosure avoidance
 - Project follow-up

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Research Program Publications Discussion Papers	
Clearance Request $igvee$ My Proposals $igvee$ Affiliated Proposals	My Reviews
Account Profile For: Lars Vilhuber	Last Modified: 2011-02-08 01:43

Change Password	
Choose Password	
Confirm Password	
✓ Send Email Confirmation	
Change Password	
Account Information	
Name Lars ∀ilhuber	

Name	Lars ∀ilhuber
Email Address	lars.vilhuber@cornell.edu
Organization	Cornell University
Address	345 East Ives Hall
City	tthaca
State	New York
Postal Code	14850
Country	United States
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Upload Curriculum Vitae / Resume

If you will be participating in a CES research project you must upload your **Curriculum Vitae / Resume** prior to submitting the research proposal. The absence of this document from any member of the research team will delay processing of the research proposal.

When uploading documents to our system, please make sure the documents are formated as either **Adobe PDF** (**Portable Document Format**) or **RTF** (**Rich Text Format**). If the system detects an invalid file format, the file will be ignored.

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Helping You Make Informed Decisions

- 1. Elements of a formal proposal
- Preliminary proposal information in CES proposal management system
- Project description
- Predominant purpose statement
- Abstract

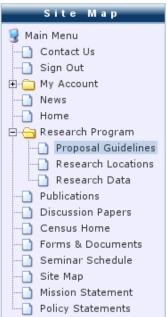
- 2. Preliminary proposal information
- you must have:
 - Created a CES web site account
 - Read the RDC Proposal Guidelines
- Sign in to the CES web site and select "Start a new proposal"
- Read and agree to the prerequisite checklist

U.S. Census Bureau Center for Economic Studies









Research Program	Publications	Discussion Papers		
Clearance Request	My Proposals	Affiliated Proposals	fly Reviews	
	_			
Create a Pro	posal			

To **begin** a new proposal select **Start Proposal**. If you are unaware of the research conducted by CES, or are not sure of the mechanics of the research proposal process, please review the **Research Guidelines**

Start Proposal →

Continue a Proposal

To **continue** working on a proposal, choose it from the list below. When uploading documents to our system, please make sure the documents are formated as either **Adobe PDF (Portable Document Format)** or **RTF (Rich Text Format)**. If the system detects an invalid file format, the file will be ignored.

Action	PID	Title	Status		Date Created
			ACTIVE PROJECT		
			Abstract	11067	Sep 20th 2007
Track	658	Older Workers' Displacement and Mobility	Project Description	106635	
			Predominant Purpose Statement (PPS)	38850	
			ACTIVE PROJECT		Jun 20th 2005
	538 LEHD Data Infrastructure Project (CES-445)		Abstract	48657	
Track			Project Description	104365	
		Predominant Purpose Statement (PPS)	33983		
Census Hor	me	Forms & Documents Seminar Schedule Sit	te Map Mission Statement Policy Staten	nents	

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Helping You Make Informed Decisions

- 2. Preliminary proposal information
- Summarizes proposal information:
 - Researchers involved and affiliations
 - Data sets requested—RDC and external
 - Criteria met by proposed benefits
- Short proposal abstract
- Duration and funding for project
 - Note: extensions rarely granted, except for journal revisions

• RDC location(s) for project

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- 2. Preliminary proposal information
- Criteria met by proposed benefits
 - To the Census Bureau, benefits might be
 - New estimates derived from existing data
 - Expanded measurement capabilities
 - Improved documentation
 - Consultation with leading researchers
 (from Riggs presentation, 2009, in Atlanta)
 - What is the catch?

- 2. Preliminary proposal information
- Criteria met by proposed benefits
 - Under Title 13, Chapter 5, benefits <u>are</u>
 - New estimates derived from existing data yes
 - Expanded measurement capabilities yes
 - Improved documentation yes
 - Consultation with leading researchers no

(from Riggs presentation, 2009, in Atlanta)

provi lfap	s step, you will be asked to indicate how your research project best benefits the Census Bureau. Proposals must demonstrate that the research is likely to ide one or more Title 13 benefits to the Census Bureau. A research project must demonstrate that its predominant purpose is to benefit Census Bureau progra project has as its predominant purpose one or any combination of the following, it will be considered to have as its predominant purpose increasing the utility of 13, Chapter 5 data.
	Evaluate Concepts/Practices Re Statistical Data Collection/Dissemination Evaluating concepts and practices underlying Census Bureau statistical data collection and dissemination practices, including consideration of continual relevance and appropriateness of past Census Bureau procedures to changing economic and social circumstances. (This is not to be used when you have FTI data sets)
	Analyze Demo/Social/Econ Processes Affecting Programs and/or Improve Product Quality Analyzing demographic and social or economic processes that affect Census Bureau programs, especially those that evaluate or hold promise of improving the quality of products issued by the Census Bureau. (This is not to be used when you have FTI data sets)
	Increase Utility of Data for Analysis Developing means of increasing the utility of Census Bureau data for analyzing public programs, public policy, and/or demographic economic, or social conditions. (This is not to be used when you have FTI data sets)
	Conduct or Facilitate Data Collection/Processing/Dissemination Conducting or facilitating Census Bureau census and survey data collection, processing or dissemination, including through activities such as administrative support, information technology support, program oversight, or auditing under appropriate legal authority. (This is not to be used when you have FTI data sets)
	Understanding or Improving Data Quality Understanding and/or improving the quality of data produced through a Title 13, Chapter 5 survey, census, or estimate.
	Improved Methodology Leading to new or improved methodology to collect, measure, or tabulate a Title 13, Chapter 5 survey, census, or estimate.
	Enhancing Data Enhancing the data collected in a Title 13, Chapter 5 survey or census. For example, improving imputations for non-response, or developing links across time or entities for data gathered in censuses and surveys authorized by Title 13, Chapter 5.
	Business Register Identifying the limitations of, or improving, the underlying Business Register, Household Master Address File, and industrial and geographical classification schemes used to collect the data.
	Data Collection Identifying shortcomings of current data collection programs and/or documenting new data collection needs.
	Sample Frame Maintenance Constructing, verifying, or improving the sampling frame for a census or survey authorized under Title 13, Chapter 5.
	New Estimates Preparing estimates of population and characteristics of population as authorized under Title 13, Chapter 5.
	Estimating Non-Response Developing a methodology for estimating non-response to a census or survey authorized under Title 13, Chapter 5.
	Statistical Weights Developing statistical weights for a survey authorized under Title 13, Chapter 5.

3. Project description

Typical components of any research proposal

- Background, discussion of relevant literature
- Proposed methodology
- Data sets

Components specific to the RDC program

- Summary of proposed benefits to Census Bureau programs (again)
- Description of the research outputs you plan to request be disclosed (used to assess ex-ante disclosure risk)
- Description of how you plan to construct the analysis data set if combining multiple data sets, including external ones (feasibility)
- Expected project duration (and cost)

4. Predominant Purpose Statement

PPS and benefits to Census Bureau Title 13, Chapter 5 programs

- PPS describes and documents proposed benefits
- Benefits must be the predominant purpose of project
- PPS is template for certifying benefits at project end (Post Project Certification-PPC)

Benefit criteria

- Evaluating concepts and practices
- Analyzing demographic/social/economic processes affecting Census

Bureau programs and/or Improve Product Quality

- Increasing the utility of Census Bureau data
- Conduct/facilitate data collection/processing/ dissemination
- Understanding and / or improving quality of data
- New or improved methodology to collect, measure, tabulate

Formal proposal submission Benefit criteria (cont.)

- Enhance data
 - Improving imputations
 - Developing links across time or entities
- Business Register
- Identifying shortcomings of data collection
- Sampling frame maintenance
- New estimates
- Estimating non-response
- Statistical weights

Benefit criteria (cont.)

Useful links:

- "Research Coportunities at the U.S. Census Bureau"
- "Writing Be = fit statements" (CES)
- For projects involving Title 26 (tax) data:
 - "IRS Criteria Document"

Other sources

- RDC Administrator, Census Bureau program contacts
- CES Annual Report, CES Discussion Papers
- Summary of Census Bureau Research Problems Identified by Senior Staff

Formal proposal submission Writing the PPS

RDC administrator

- Is alerted when preliminary proposal information is entered
- Approves preliminary information

Researcher

- Clicks on "generate PPS" which
 - Lists benefit criteria from checklist
 - Lists FTI (Title 26 information) in requested data sets
 - Other proposal information
- Remember: cookies...

Formal proposal submission The IRS...

- For projects involving FTI
 - IRS will review the PPS only need to make sure it is clearly written
 - Group benefits in a logical way

5. Processing documents

- RDC administrator follows the process
 - Considers proposal complete
- RDC-specific Project review also has to approve for submission
- Remember: cookies...

6. Approval process

Reviews by

- CES and Census bureau subject matter and data experts
- external researchers (scientific merit)
- relevant Census Bureau programs/offices (benefits, feasibility)
- RDC Disclosure Officer and other disclosure experts (disclosure)
- other data custodians/sponsors:

IRS, HUD, BLS (benefits, feasibility)

6. Approval process

Duration

- May be longer if involving FTI
- At least 3-6 months as a guideline, but check with your RDC administrator

Other issues

Special Sworn Status process

Post project approval

2. Badge

- Census Bureau computer ID
- Project account setup
- CES Account and Data Request Form

Post project approval

3. External Data

- external data form
- CD/media with external data
- use permission documentation
 - 4. Researcher RDC orientation
 - --> Project finally starts!

Post project approval

1. SSS application

- Forms, fingerprinting and documentation
- Training
- RDC Administrator checks forms
- SSS package sent to Office of Security
- May send back corrections/clarifications

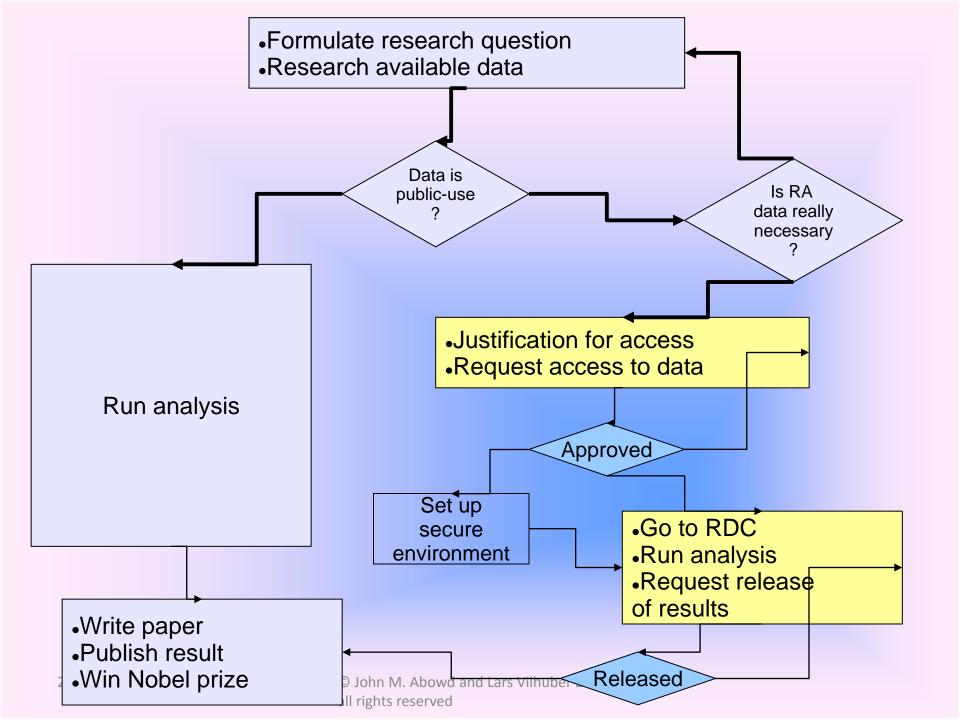
Health Data Available at the RDCs

- NCHS & AHRQ Data Extracts available
 - More relevant for non-DC RDCs.
 - Possible to link NCHS and/or AHRQ data to Census data
 - May be more costly and time-intensive
 - May be difficult to justify the benefits
- MEPS-IC is collected by Census for AHRQ and considered Census data (Census application process)
 - Asks employers about provision of health insurance

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NCHS version

- Several more options
 - NCHS RDC (Hyattsville, MD; Atlanta, GA)
 - More software choices
 - Census RDC
 - More locations, higher security approval burden
 - Remote access/submission
 - only SAS/Sudaan
 - Staff assisted
 - **\$\$\$**



NCHS version

Similar process

- Why not public use data
- Proposal development
 - Benefit statement
 - CVs
- Proposal submission
 - By email
- Proposal review

New choice

Access mode

