

## Why is this important?

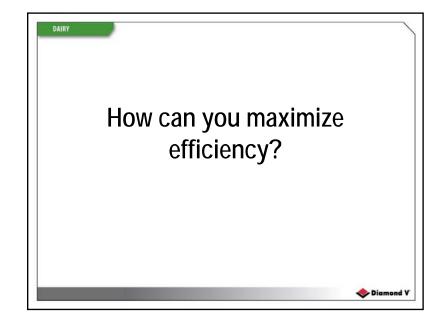
- Feed costs are 50%+ of your total expenses
- The actions of the feeding operation have to be consistent and deliberate
- Those actions have a cost, are you managing or monitoring them as efficiently as possible?
  - We often consider them as the cost of doing business and not manage them with detail

**Diamond** 

#### Agenda

- Ways to maximize feeding operation efficiency
- What type feed center is best for you?
- Designs that maximize efficiency
- Don't forget the shrink
- Other things to think about
  - Safety
  - Contingency plans
- Cow performance/efficiency





2	0.000	Fire Reference		04.05		
Dairy Cows	3,000	Fuel [\$/gallon]	007 10 3	\$1.85		
Pounds fed/day/cow	112	Fuel consumption tractor 46		5		
Total fed/day	336,000	Fuel consumption tractor 32		3.5		
filk price [\$/pound]	\$0.17	Fuel consumption truck (gal/		7		
Average yield per year [pound]	25,000	Fuel consumption delivery tr	uck [gallon/hr]	3		
Annual milk production	75,000,000	Electric power [\$/kWh]		\$0.09		
		Labor costs [\$/hour]		\$13.50		
nterest	4%	Average power req. mixer w	agon	75%		
nsurance	1%	Average power req. stationary with vsd		60%		
		Mixer wagon	Mixer wagon	Truckmount	Stationary mixer	Stationary mixer
		Trioliet 3200	Trioliet 4600	Trioliet 3200	Solomix 3 4600 STK	Trioliet 3200
		1,150 cu.ft.	1,650 cu.ft.	1,150 cu.ft	1,650 cu.ft.	1,150 cu.ft.
Power requirement 100% [HP]		150	200	350	300	200
Average power consumption [HP]		112.5	150	262.5	180	150
oading time [Min]		15	17	15	17	15
fixing time [Min]		5	5	5	5	5
Fransport / discharge time [Min]		15	16	5 13	13	11
.oads/day		20	14	20	14	20
lours per year for the mixer		4258	3236	4015	1874	3772
lours per year for the delivery box					1107	
nvestment						
Mixer/Stationary mixer including loading	convevor	\$110,000	\$155,000	\$120,000	\$230,000	\$184.
ractor/truck for mixer, 2nd hand		\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000		
Delivery box (truck)					\$100,000	\$100,0
otal		\$190,000	\$235,000	\$200,000	\$330,000	\$184,
inance and depreciation						
fixer wagon / Stationary mixer		\$16.855	\$17,202	\$18.328	\$17,070	\$16,
	After depreciation	5%	5%	5%	5%	••••••••••
	Life time (yr / hr)	6.2	8.6	6.2	12.8	1
ractor/truck for mixer		\$22,030	\$16,743	\$20,771		
	After depreciation	3%	3%	3%		
	Life time (hours)	20000	20000	20000		
Delivery box (truck)					\$5,536	\$5,
	After depreciation				10%	1
	Life time (hours)				18000	181
nterest (4%)		\$3,800	\$4,700	\$4,000	\$6,600	\$3,
nsurance (1%)		\$1,900	\$2,350	\$2,000	\$3,300	\$1,
		\$1,000	42,000	\$2,000	\$0,000	

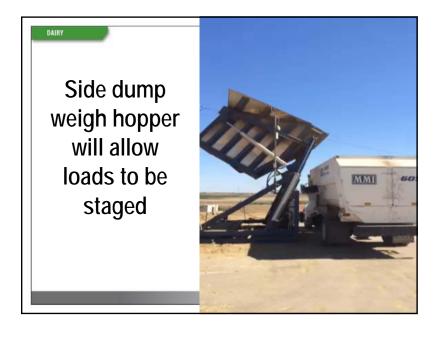
Anual Maintenance					
Mixer wagon / Stationary mixer	\$2,750	\$3,100	\$3,600	\$4,600	\$4,60
Percentage of investment %	2.5%	2.0%	3.0%	2.0%	2.59
Tractor/truck for mixer	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000		
Percentage of investment %					
Delivery box (truck)				\$4,000	\$4,00
Percentage of investment %				4.0%	40
Energy (diesel / electric power)					
Tractor/truck with mixer	\$27,573	\$29,936	\$37,139		
Stationary mixer electric VSD				\$21,327	\$
Delivery box (truck)				\$6,145	\$6,14
Labor					
Labor driver mixer wagon / loader	\$57,488	\$43,691	\$54,203	\$25,295	\$25,29
Labor delivery truck				\$25,295 \$14,947	\$25,29 \$14,94
Cost of ownership / year	\$137,395	\$122,721	\$124,269	\$108,819	\$104,23
Cost of ownership per animal / day	\$0.125	\$0.112	\$0.113	\$0.099	\$0.09
Cost of ownership per pound milk	\$0.0018	\$0.0016	\$0.0017	\$0.0015	\$0.001
Lifetime loads	50,000 loads	50,000 loads	50,000 loads	75.000 loads	75.000 loads
Lireume loaus	50,000 1080\$	20,000 1080\$	50,000 10805	70,000 10805	70,000 loads
	Ration density	24.34 lbs. cu.ft.			

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## Ways to Gain Efficiency

- Have all ingredients in the feed center when making loads (make loads in 8 - 10 minutes)
- Use stationary mixers and delivery boxes when distance or high volume is present
- Have loading area lower than loader travel area (less loader cycle time)
- Make on farm premixes (reduce amount of ingredients per load)
- Staging loads will increase feeding efficiency





# Ways to Gain Efficiency

- Size your mixer to match your needs (bigger is not always better)
- Mix and deliver full loads when possible (this reduces number of trips for loader and mixer)
- Use your feeding software to it fullest (not just to make loads)
- Size your loader bucket to best address your operation

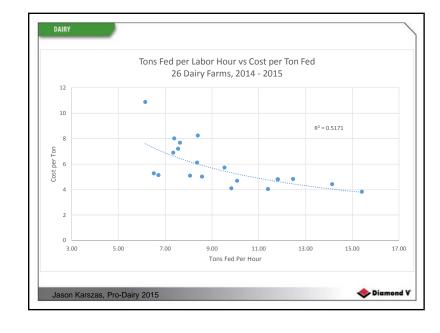


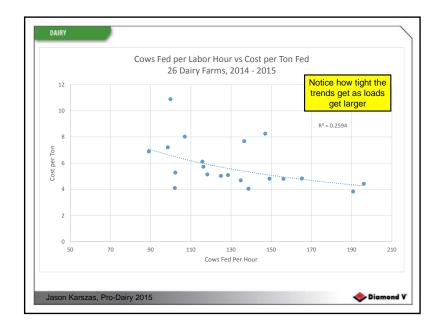
		P	remix Deviation	Cost			
Ingredient	Formultion Amount (lbs)	Batch Amount (lbs)	Loading Deviation (lbs)	Ingredient Cost (ton)	Total Cost	Cost of Deviation	Total Deviation Cost per Day
Steam-flaked Corn	11.76	12830	30	\$296.00	\$1,898.84	\$4.44	
Canola	6.67	7270	30	\$385.00	\$1,399.48	\$5.78	
DDG	3.30	3600	30	\$344.00	\$619.20	\$5.16	
Cotton Seed	4.95	5400	30	\$355.00	\$958.50	\$5.33	
Beet Pulp	3.30	3600	30	\$180.00	\$324.00	\$2.70	
Mineral	1.73	1890	30	\$550.00	\$519.75	\$8.25	
Molassess	1.30	1420	30	\$235.00	\$166.85	\$3.53	
	33.01	36010			\$5,886.62	\$35.18	\$172.36
	TM	R (50lb/hd) De	viation Cost for	Ingredients in Pr	emix		
Ingredient	Formultion Amount (lbs)	TMR Amount	Loading Deviation (lbs)	Ingredient Cost (ton)	Total Cost	Cost of Deviation	Total Deviation Cost per Day
Steam-flaked Corn	11.76	3080	30	\$296.00	\$455.84	\$4.44	
Canola	6.67	1750	30	\$385.00	\$336.88	\$5.78	
	2 20	870	30	\$344.00	\$149.64	\$5.16	
DDG	3.30						
DDG Cotton Seed	4.95	1300	30	\$355.00	\$230.75	\$5.33	
		1300			\$230.75 \$78.30		
Cotton Seed	4.95	1300	30	\$180.00		\$2.70	
Cotton Seed Beet Pulp	4.95 3.30	1300 870 450	30 30	\$180.00 \$550.00	\$78.30	\$2.70 \$8.25	

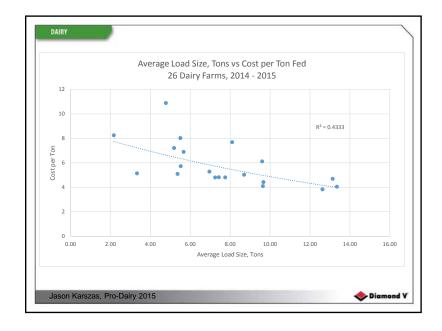
			On-farm Prem	ix Deviatio	n Calculator		
Predicted Average	Deviation	30		Total	Daily Savings Usi	ng Premix	\$531.14
TMR Load Size (lbs)		24000		Yearly Savings Using Premix			\$193,867.01
PreMix Load Size (II	os)	36000					
Number of TMR loa	ds per day	20					
Number of Premix	Loads per day	4.9					
Ingredient	Formultion	Formulation	PreMix				
ingredient	Amount (lbs)	%	Ingredients %		_		
Corn Silage	50.30	54.9%					
Alfa Hay	8.25	9.0%					
Steam-flaked Corn	11.76	12.8%	35.6%				
Canola	6.67	7.3%	20.2%				
DDG	3.30	3.6%	10.0%				
Cotton Seed	4.95	5.4%	15.0%				
Beet Pulp	3.30	3.6%	10.0%				
Mineral	1.73	1.9%	5.2%				
Molassess	1.30	1.4%	3.9%				
	91.56		100%				

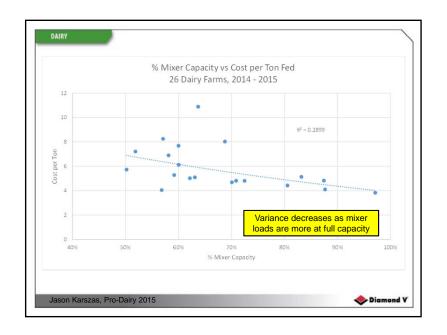
Total Cos	t per Ton:	Loading,	Mixing & D	elivering T	MR	
26	Dairy Farms	, Sorted by T	otal Cost per	Ton Fed		
		2014-20	15			
	Percent of 2nd 3rd					
	Average	Total	1st Quartile	Quartile	Quartile	4th Quartile
Tons Fed per Day	88.4		153.0	64.6	82.6	36.0
Labor	\$2.34	44.0%	\$1.27	\$1.86	\$2.30	\$4.14
Fuel & Utilities	\$0.99	19.2%	\$0.62	\$0.80	\$1.09	\$1.49
Repairs	\$0.57	11.1%	\$0.41	\$0.56	\$0.45	\$0.89
<b>Total Operating Expense</b>	\$3.90	74.3%	\$2.30	\$3.22	\$3.83	\$6.52
Deprecation	\$0.8	16.3%	\$0.51	\$0.84	\$0.96	\$0.97
Interest	\$0.4	8.7%	\$0.33	\$0.41	\$0.48	\$0.57
Insurance	\$0.0	0.7%	\$0.02	\$0.02	\$0.04	\$0.09
Total Ownership Expense	\$1.30	25.7%	\$0.85	\$1.26	\$1.48	\$1.64
Total Cost, Loading, Mixing &	\$5.20	100%	\$3.15	\$4.48	\$5.31	\$8.16
Delivering TMR, Per Ton						
Annual cost range for 50			lbs. as fed		8.00 to \$	31,906.00

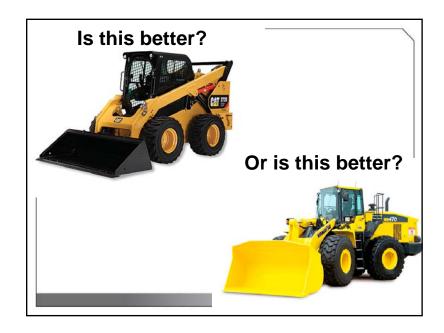
Total Cos	t per Ton	: Loading,	Mixing & D	elivering 1	MR		
26	Dairy Farm	s, Sorted by T	otal Cost per	Ton Fed			
2014-2015							
		Percent of		2nd	3rd		
	Average	Total	1st Quartile	Quartile	Quartile	4th Quartile	
Tons Fed per Day	88.4		153.0	64.6	82.6	36.0	
Summary Statistics							
Tons Fed per Labor Hour	8.30		12.07	8.64	7.54	4.46	
Loads per Labor Hour	1.31		1.21	1.47	1.58	0.93	
Cows Fed per Labor Hour	119.1		152.5	125.9	113.4	80.0	
Total Cost Per Labor Hour	\$37.81		\$37.52	\$38.30	\$39.92	\$35.19	
Fuel per Load, Gallons	2.9		3.2	2.4	2.2	3.8	
Fuel per Ton, Gallons	0.45		0.31	0.39	0.39	0.73	
Average Load Size, Tons	6.99		10.49	6.22	5.86	5.01	
% Of Mixer Capacity	65%		77%	68%	60%	56%	
Cost per Worker Equivalent	\$44,623		\$41,594	\$42,247	\$47,921	\$46,685	
Calculated Length of Feeding,							
1 Person, Hours	10.24		13.11	8.14	10.56	8.63	
Time per Load, Minutes	44.62		43.21	35.07	39.07	62.30	
Cost per Gallon, Fuel	\$2.06		\$2.02	\$2.05	\$2.13	\$2.02	
Loader Size, Average, Yards	3.77		4.73	3.81	3.79	2.58	
Investment per Ton Fed							
Truck/Tractor & Mixer	\$5.35		\$4.55	\$4.76	\$5.02	\$7.24	
Loader	\$4.40		\$2.59	\$4.65	\$5.78	\$4.68	

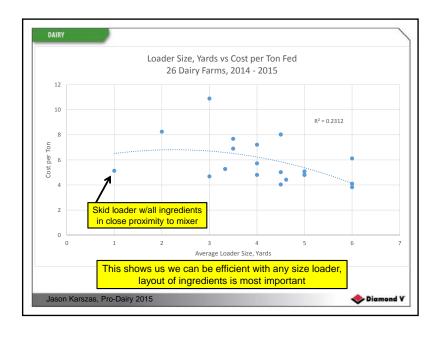












# Take Away Message

- Size your mixer and feeding equipment properly for your operation
- Track these key numbers to maximize your efficiency
- As loads get larger, there seems to be more efficiency realized
- Loader bucket size may not be as important as the proximity of ingredients to mixer (layout and design can save \$\$)

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#### Take Away Message

 There is a lot of room for opportunity to maximize efficiency in the actions around feeding our herds if we measure and monitor it.

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### What type feed center?

- An automated system?
- Minimal mechanization?
- A combination?

What type works for your operation and your management style?

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### **Key Things to Remember**

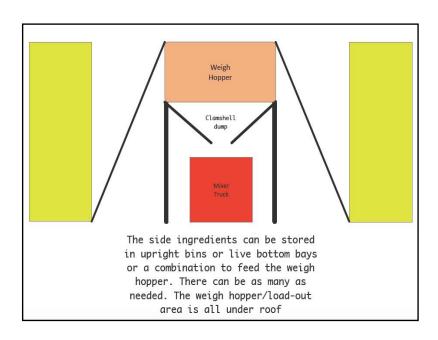
- Always keep off farm traffic separate from on farm mixing traffic
- Have a platform truck scale system in place
- Adequately size the bays, not too big or too small
- Always have one to two "flex bays"
- Be able to unload from various delivery truck types















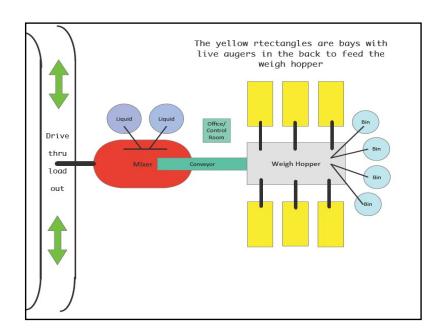














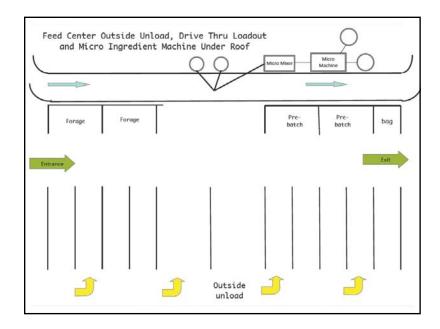




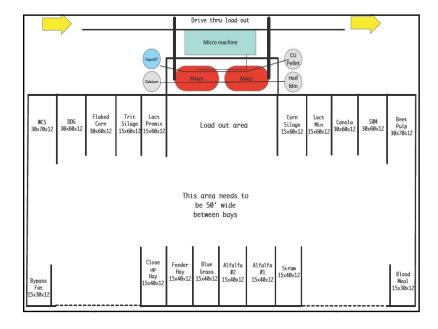


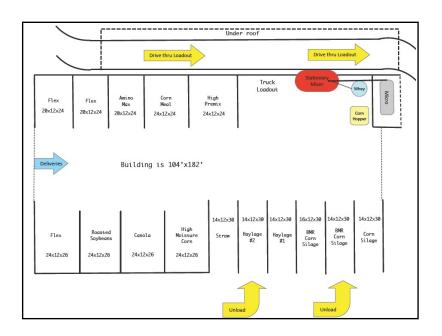


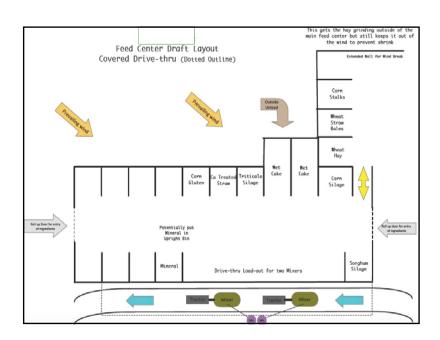


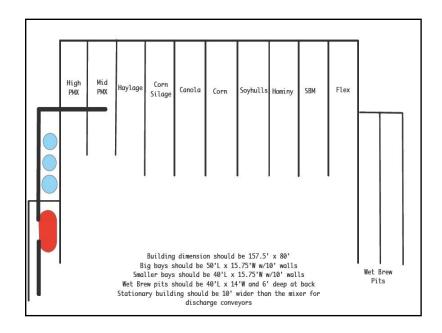




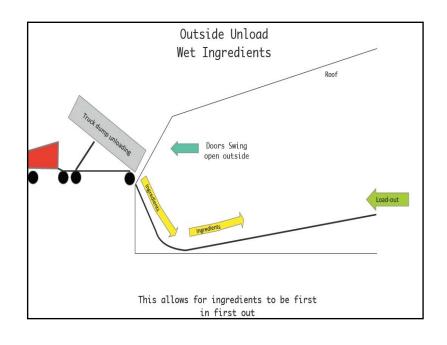














# **Stationary Mixers**

- More efficient when further distances have to be covered and sometimes in close proximity
- Allow for better consistency as one employee does mixing
- Allows for feed to be delivered in a lighter more efficient piece of equipment
- Mixers will have a better longevity because of no harsh travel
- Have to have a transfer system to a delivery truck
- What is your Plan B when something breaks











